

MSEIA SOLAR REPORT FOR NEW JERSEY APRIL 2016 SUMMARY

Strategic Highlights

New Jersey Senate bill introduced to ensure customers are not restricted from solar installations. Senate Bill <u>\$2029\$</u> was introduced on April 18 as a companion bill to previously filed Assembly Bill <u>A210</u>. The bills would ensure that potential customers are not restricted from solar panel installation by homeowners' associations. The bills make clear that homeowners' associations in common interest communities cannot prohibit the installation of solar collectors on the roof of any single family home or any townhouse located within such a community. Senate Bill \$2029\$ awaits a committee hearing...

New Jersey Senate schedules hearing on financing mechanism for clean energy projects. Senate Bill <u>S684</u> which would establish the Clean Energy Technology Center and Alternative and Clean Energy Investment Trust Fund to issue loans and loan guarantees to companies, universities, and nonprofits to encourage the creation of clean technology ventures, including solar development, is scheduled for a Senate Environment and Energy Committee hearing on May 2...

Pennsylvania Senate bill would grant General Assembly additional time to review Federal Clean Power Plan. Senate Bill <u>S1195</u>, introduced on April 8, would extend the amount of time the General Assembly would have to review Pennsylvania's compliance plan for the Federal Clean Power Plan. Review and approval of the plan would be extended from 100 to 180 days before submission to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), which is slated for September 2016. The bill was reported favorably by the Senate Environmental Resources and Energy Committee and is scheduled for a Senate floor vote...

Navy plans ambitious 227-acre solar facility at the New Jersey Naval Weapons Station Earle. The U.S. Navy intends to build a 32.8-MW solar facility at Naval Weapons Station Earle spanning 227 acres. The Navy plans to lease the properties to a utility company or a private developer that would construct and operate the facility, according to a <u>fact sheet</u> posted on the weapon station's website. See the fact sheet for more information...

SolarCity launches solar service in Western Pennsylvania. SolarCity <u>announced</u> on April 11 that it will begin operations in Western Pennsylvania with a residential solar project with no upfront cost. Solar City's product will cost \$30 per month, with design, installation, financing, insurance, monitoring and a performance guarantee included in the offers...



GENERAL POLICY Reference No.	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action

STATE PROGRAM Reference No.	MS AND REGULATIONS Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
BPU Docket No. Q016020106 Opened on 2/10/16.	BPU's consideration of implementing Section 48:3-87(r) of the Solar Act (signed into law in 2012), this section directs the BPU to govern grid supply solar applications submitted on or after 6/1/16.	Makes substantive changes to solar regulations in New Jersey.	Proposed amendments published in the New Jersey Register (3/7/16). See a summary of the solar-related amendments in the March 2016 Report.	Comments are due within 60 days of publication in the <i>Register</i> , or by 5/6/16.



STATE PROGRAM	MS AND REGULATIONS			
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Reference No. BPU Docket Nos. Q015040477 & Q015121333 Opened on 12/16/2015.	BPU's review of the clean energy programs and budget for fiscal year 2016 as well as BPU's review of the Renewable Electric Storage incentives in the renewable energy incentive program – revision to NJCEP compliance filing. The state is seeking applications to finance energy-storage projects that would provide backup power from renewable sources, such as solar and wind, in the event of widespread outages on the grid. This is the second year the BPU has funded energy storage. Last year, it gave out \$2.9 million to 13 projects after receiving 22 applications.	Opportunity for financial incentive for renewable energy projects integrated with energy storage.	NJCEP issued request for comment on the second straw proposal (9/15/15). BPU issued an order (12/16/15). BPU approved Staff's recommendation for a FY2016 renewable electric storage incentive program. Financial incentives will be offered for electric storage systems that are integrated with new or existing net metered New Jersey Class 1 Renewable Energy installations, such as solar, wind or sustainable biomass. \$3 million will be available on a first-come, first-served basis for 2016. Program participants will be offered a rebate of \$300 per kilowatt-hour, based on the energy capacity of the storage equipment (minimum of 100 kWh) as verified by the manufacturer's spec sheets. Maximum incentive levels are \$300,000 per project and \$500,000 per entity, with an entity defined as either the site host or the project developer if the developer proposes to own the system. The program, designed as an open enrollment program with a prescriptive rebate, began accepting applications (3/1/16). Continued on next page	This entry will be archived and not included in future Updates.





STATE PROGRAM Reference No.	MS AND REGULATIONS Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
BPU Docket Nos. Q015040477 & Q015121333 (cont.)		why rematters	NJBPU issued an order adopting revisions to the NJCEP budget and to NJCEP's Residential New Construction (RNC) program (3/18/16). Several programs have experienced higher than anticipated participation levels since the beginning of 2016. Staff's proposed revisions to the FY16 budget address the higher participation levels. Revisions were made by increasing transfer funds to the RNC program and to the Home Performance with ENERGY STAR program. Much of this funding is coming out of the Energy Efficient Products program, which received a lower level of participation in 2015.	Nextriction





	IS AND REGULATIONS	TAYLOR IA Buotana	Mack Dagant Action	Nova Astion
Reference No. NJ Office of Clean Energy Programs (NJCEP) New Jersey SREC Trading Statistics	New Jersey monthly reporting on SREC pricing data based on prices reported by registered SREC account holders. The value of the solar alternative compliance payment for Energy Year 2016 is \$323.	Why It Matters Intelligence on SREC pricing.	Monthly SREC trading statistics issued (3/1/16). For 1/16: • 76,018 SRECs were issued; • 308, 212 SRECs were traded; • SREC values ranges from a low of \$70/MWh to \$559/MWh; • The weighted average SREC price for Energy Year 2016 so far is \$219.08 / MWh. Monthly SREC trading statistics issued (4/1/16). For 2/16: • 97,859 SRECs were issued; • 132,982 SRECs were traded; • SREC values ranges from a low of \$60/MWh to \$490/MWh; • The weighted average SREC price for Energy Year 2016 so far is \$222.26/ MWh.	Next Action Awaiting next month's NJ SREC Trading Statistics.



	IS AND REGULATIONS			
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
NJ Office of Clean	NJCEP's monthly update on	Market	The 11/15 report is now available	Awaiting next Solar
Energy	the state's solar installation	intelligence.	(<u>1/16</u>).	Market Update.
Programs	capacity.		 The preliminary installed solar 	
(NJCEP)			capacity as of 11/30/15 is	
New Jersey Solar			1,567,231.4 kW.	
Installation			 The preliminary solar project 	
<u>Update</u>			pipeline capacity as of	
			11/31/15 is 433,240.1 kW;	
			 with 10,315 projects in solar 	
			pipeline.	
			* *	
			The 2/16 report is now available	
			(4/16).	
			The preliminary installed solar	
			capacity as of 2/29/16 is	
			1,604,180.7 kW.	
			 The preliminary solar project 	
			pipeline capacity as of	
			2/29/16 is 392,809.9 kW;	
			with 11,142 projects in solar pipeline.	



STATE PROGRAM	MS AND REGULATIONS			
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
NJ Utilities SREC II Financing Program	Utilities Atlantic City Electric (ACE), Jersey Central Power & Light (JCP&L), and Rockland Electric Company (RECO) have issued a request for proposals (RFP) to select solar projects with which to enter into contracts for the purchase of SRECs.	Opportunity to sell SRECs in the NJ market.	Results from the 2nd round of the SREC program solicitation have been announced (12/16/15). NJBPU authorized EDCs to execute Purchase and Sale Agreements (PSAs) for 18 projects with SREC prices deemed competitive. The NJBPU rejected two proponents' bids which were deemed to be uncompetitive. The third solicitation round of the NJ SREC-II based financing program was released (12/17/15); the RFP webinar for Round 3 of the Solicitation was filed (1/6/15). Bids were due (2/12/16). BPU meeting held to consider the results from the 3rd solicitation round (4/27/16). The order is not yet publically available. Results from the 3rd solicitation round were scheduled to be announced (4/28/16). Announcement not yet confirmed. The next Solar PV solicitation round will begin on or after 4/28/16 (4/28/16).	NJBPU is scheduled to execute the SREC Purchase and Sale Agreements with the round 3 winners by 6/12/16.





STATE PROGRAM	IS AND REGULATIONS			
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
NJ Office of Clean Energy Programs (NJCEP) Net Metering and Interconnection Standards (NMIX) Working Group	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Opportunity to gain insight into net metering and interconnection issues in NJ, and propose other issues for discussion and resolution.	Proposed Revisions to Treatment of Mixed Generation Behind a Single Meter was filed (9/17/15). Written comments on the proposed revisions filed (10/17/15). A solar company, A.F. Mensah (AFM), was the only party to submit comment suggesting improvements to metering requirements, such as: options for customer meter eligibility, algorithmic determination of the NM eligible energy, and submission of meter data. Regarding interconnection requirements, AFM agrees that precautions need to be made to ensure that for net metering billing purposes, energy generate by non-eligible resources is not included in the amount of net generation from a facility. Meeting held (12/15/15). Among other issues, stakeholders discussed the utility proposal for the treatment of mixed generation behind a single meter and the model-based integrated high penetration renewables planning and control analysis.	As no formal BPU actions are anticipated from the issue addressing mixed interconnection of NJ Class I renewables and non-renewables, PRQ believes further action is unlikely. This entry will be archived and not included in future Updates.
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STATE PROGRAM Reference No.	IS AND REGULATIONS Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
NJ Office of Clean Energy Programs (NJCEP) Net Metering and Interconnection Standards (NMIX) Working Group (cont.)			According to BPU Staff, no formal BPU actions are anticipated from the issue addressing mixed interconnection of NJ Class I renewables and non-renewables (2/29/16).	





STATE PROGRAM	IS AND REGULATIONS			
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
NJ Office of Clean Energy Programs (NJCEP) Renewable Electric Storage Working Group	Stakeholder working group that meets regularly to discuss and resolve issues related to renewable electric storage standards. Of note, the group is considering the proposed FY2016 Renewable Electric Storage Incentive program, which will provide financial incentives for energy storage systems that are integrated with Class 1 renewable energy projects installed behind-the-meter at customer sites. The program will support the installation of renewable electric storage systems in government, commercial, institutional and industrial entities for the purpose of providing emergency back-up power for essential services, and more.	Opportunity to gain insight into renewable electric storage in NJ, and propose other issues for discussion and resolution.	Working group meeting held (6/24/15). Second Staff straw proposal released (9/15/15). Joint comments on the straw proposal filed by Solar City and Eos Energy Storage (9/25/15). Application instructions for the FY2016 Renewable Electric Storage program was posted on the website, see here (2/23/16). The FY2016 Renewable Electric Storage Incentive application portal launched (3/1/16).	Awaiting next action.





LEGISLATION				
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill S2029 (Smith, Greenstein) Formally introduced on 4/18/16. Assembly Bill A210 (DeAngelo, Gusciora, Benson) Introduced on 1/27/16.	This bill makes clear that homeowners' associations in common interest communities cannot prohibit the installation of solar collectors on the roof of any single family home or any townhouse located within such a community.	Would ensure that potential customers are not restricted from solar panel installation by homeowners' associations.	A210 was favorably reported by the Assembly Telecommunications and Utilities Committee (2/4/16). S2029 was introduced into the Senate and referred to the Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee (4/18/16).	Awaiting Assembly vote on A210. Awaiting scheduling of a committee hearing on S2029.
Senate Bill <u>S1887</u> (<u>Doherty</u>) Introduced on 3/10/16.	This bill narrows the definition of "inherently beneficial" in municipal land use law so that wind and solar facilities are only included under the definition if located on or above a parking lot, rooftop, or brownfield, and not within agricultural land or open space.	This bill would significantly limit the availability of greenfield opportunities for renewable energy projects.	Introduced and referred to Senate Environment and Energy Committee (3/10/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.



LEGISLATION				
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill	Would increase state RPS	Would	Introduced and referred to	Awaiting Assembly
S1707 (Smith,	requirements, Class I	significantly	Assembly Telecommunications	committee hearings.
Bateman, Gordon)	renewable energy	increase RPS	and Utilities Committee	_
	requirement would	obligations,	(1/27/16).	
Introduced on	increase once every five	includes a solar		
2/16/16.	energy years between	carve out.	S1707 passed Senate 23-15	
, ,	energy years 2015 and		(3/14/16).	
Assembly Bill	2050, from 11% to 80%.			
A1759 (multiple	,		S1707 introduced in the	
sponsors)	The bill also requires a		Assembly and referred to the	
	certain percentage of the		Assembly Telecommunications	
Introduced on	electricity sold to be from		and Utilities Committee	
1/27/16.	solar energy; by energy		(3/14/16).	
, ,	year 2030, 13.849%.			
	S1707 as amended: As			
	amended, the percentage of			
	electricity sold in the State			
	that is from Class I			
	renewable energy is to			
	increase once every five			
	energy years between			
	energy years 2017 and			
	2052, still from 11% to			
	80%.			



LEGISLATION Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill	Would direct the BPU to	For solar	introduced and referred to	Awaiting committee
<u>S1514</u> (<u>Turner</u>)	require electric and gas	companies that	Senate Economic Growth	hearing.
Introduced on	suppliers, brokers, energy agents, marketers, private	use telemarketing, this would be a	Committee (2/16/16).	
3/16/16.	aggregators, sales	significant		
, ,	representatives, and	increase in		
	energy telemarketers to	compliance		
	record each telemarketing	obligations.		
	sales call to a customer made by, or on behalf of, the			
	energy business, and to			
	maintain that recording for			
	at least three years from the			
	date the telemarketing sales			
	call was recorded.			
	Currently, BPU allow for the			
	disposal of the marketing			
	portion of calls six months			
	after the call was recorded.			



LEGISLATION Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill S1441 (Bucco)	Requires establishment of regulations for solar panel	Regulatory barriers to solar	S1441 introduced and referred to Senate Environment and	Awaiting committee hearing.
Introduced on	installation, maintenance, and education, to be	panel deployment.	Energy Committee (2/16/16).	_
2/16/16.	developed by the Commissioner of		A3072 introduced and referred to Assembly	
Assembly Bill A3072 (Bucco)	Community Affairs.		Telecommunications and Utilities Committee (2/16/16).	
Introduced on 2/18/16.				



LEGISLATION				
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill	This bill establishes a Solar	Provides	S984 was introduced in the	S984, which passed the
S984 (Smith)	Roof Installation Warranty	assurance to	Senate, and referred to the	Senate, is awaiting a hearing
	Program within the New	property owners	Senate Environment and	in the Assembly
<i>Introduced on 2/4/16.</i>	Jersey Economic	concerned about	Energy Committee (2/4/16).	Telecommunications and
	Development	the risk from		Utilities Committee.
	Authority. The purpose of	rooftop PV	S984 was reported out of the	
Assembly Bill	the program is to provide a	installations.	Senate Committee (2/4/16).	A2446 is awaiting a hearing
A2446 (Eustace,	source of indemnification to			in the Assembly
Benson)	commercial, industrial, and		A2446 was introduced and	Telecommunications and
	institutional building		referred to Assembly	Utilities Committee.
<i>Introduced on 2/4/16.</i>	owners who install solar		Telecommunications and	
	photovoltaic equipment on		Utilities Committee (2/4/16).	
	their building roofs but are			
	unable to obtain sufficient		Passed by the Senate, vote	
	warranty coverage against		count:23-11 (2/11/16).	
	damage to those roofs			
	resulting from such		S984 was received in the	
	installations.		Assembly and referred to the	
			Assembly Telecommunications	
			and Utilities Committee	
			(2/16/16).	





LEGISLATION Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill	Provides that solar and	This bill could	S865 was introduced and	Awaiting committee action.
S865 Greenstein)	photovoltaic energy	raise barriers to	referred to the Senate	
	facilities and structures on	deployment of	Environment and Energy	
Introduced on	farmland are not an	solar PV panels on	Committee (1/12/16).	
1/12/16.	inherently beneficial use,	farms and other		
	for purposes of zoning	land zoned for	A2788 was introduced and	
Assembly Bill	approvals.	agricultural use.	referred to Assembly	
<u>A2788 (Benson)</u>			Environment and Solid Waste	
			Committee (2/8/16).	
Introduced on 2/8/16.			. , , ,	





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LEGISLATION Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill S772 (Smith) Opened on 1/12/2016.	Would require an electric utility to enter into longterm (10-20 year) contracts for the purchase of Class I renewable energy certificates (RECs). The Class I RECs purchased would be equal to: • 10 percent of the Class I RECs that the electric utility is required to purchase in energy year 2016; • 20 percent of the Class I RECS that the electric utility is required to purchase in energy year 2018, and • 30 percent of the Class I REC that the electric public utility is required to purchase in energy year 2018, and • 30 percent of the Class I REC that the electric public utility is required to purchase in energy year 2020 and in every energy year thereafter. Any cost or revenue loss incurred by an electric utility under these requirements would be recoverable in base rates.	Mandated, long-term, rate-recoverable contracts between utilities and REC generators would significantly undermine the competitive energy market in New Jersey, but also could provide opportunities to sell RECs.	Introduced and referred to Senate Energy and Environment Committee (1/12/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.





LEGISLATION Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill S612 (Addiego)	This bill provides priority status to a solar generation	Would be a boon for projects that	S612 introduced and referred to Senate Energy &	Awaiting committee hearings.
	system that is installed on	are for public	Environment Committee	nearings.
Opened on 1/27/2016.	the property of a NJ state or municipal entity (including	customers, but could put	(1/12/16).	
, ,	school districts).	significant	A1686 introduced and referred	
Assembly Bill <u>A1686</u> (<u>Howarth</u>)		blockages in the queue for	to Assembly Telecommunications and	
		interconnection by	Utilities Committee (1/12/16).	
Introduced on 1/27/16.		residential systems.		
Senate Bill S364 (Codey)	Would allow municipal electric utilities to install	Marginally expands potential	S364 was introduced and referred to the Senate Energy &	Awaiting committee hearings.
, , , , ,	solar generation systems on	opportunities with	Environment Committee	nearings.
Introduced on 1/12/16.	land reserved for conservation and recreation	municipal customers for	(1/12/16).	
, ,	purposes, subject to	solar developers.	A2412introduced and referred	
Assembly Bill A2412 (McKeon)	significant conditions.		to Assembly Environment & Solid Waste Committee	
			(2/4/16).	
Introduced on 2/4/16.				





LEGISLATION				
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill S151 (Madden) Introduced on 1/12/16.	Requires BPU to provide grants (from Societal Benefits Charge funds) to customers for the cost of purchase and installation of "revenue-grade system	Would remove an existing disincentive for customers to seek solar PV for their homes.	Introduced and referred to Senate Energy & Environment Committee (1/12/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.
	output" electric meters, which have been required since 2012 for customers that want to install solar PV systems on their property.			
Senate Bill S104 (Whelan) Opened on 1/12/2016.	Would require the BPU in consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, is to determine the appropriate level of funding for the "Green Fund," established with monies collected from the societal benefits charge, to achieve energy reliability, infrastructure resilience, and energy sustainability	Would open up a new source of funding for energy efficiency and microgrid projects.	Introduced and referred to Senate Energy & Environment Committee (1/12/16). Reported out of the Senate Energy & Environment Committee (2/29/16). Referred to Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee (2/29/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.
	through energy efficiency and energy conservation programs, as determined by the BPU.			





LEGISLATION				
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Assembly Bill A3030 (Dancer) Introduced on 2/16/16.	Allows solar PV projects to be installed on certain wetlands areas while waiving certain permitting provisions.	Eases regulatory burdens for certain projects in wetlands.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee (2/16/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.
Assembly Bill A2849 (McKeon) Introduced on 2/16/16.	Permits electric public utilities, electric power suppliers, and basic generation service providers to enter into certain agreements with building owners for use of solar energy systems for such buildings.	The purpose of the bill is to create an incentive to electric public utilities and suppliers to encourage more building owners to use solar energy systems for their buildings.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Telecommunications and Utilities Committee (2/16/16).	Awaiting committee action.
Assembly Bill A2640 (Gusciora) Introduced on 2/8/16.	Requires incorporation of solar panels in design and construction of new public school facilities.	Expanded opportunities for solar developers working with public customers.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Education Committee (2/8/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.
Assembly Bill A2600 (Gusciora) Introduced on 2/8/16.	Prohibits any person or state entity from constructing, installing, or operating a large-scale solar facility adjacent to an area zoned for residential use without the approval of the Department of Environmental Protection.	Zoning restrictions for grid-level solar or community solar development.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Telecommunications and Utilities Committee (2/8/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.





LEGISLATION				
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Assembly Bill A2217 (Eustace, Benson) Introduced on 1/27/16.	Would require an electric utility to enter into longterm (10-20 year) contracts for the purchase of Class I renewable energy certificates (RECs). The Class I RECs purchased would be equal to: • 10 percent of the Class I RECs that the electric utility is required to purchase in energy year 2016; • 20 percent of the Class I RECS that the electric utility is required to purchase in energy year 2018, and • 30 percent of the Class I REC that the electric utility is required to purchase in energy year 2018, and • 30 percent of the Class I REC that the electric public utility is required to purchase in energy year 2020 and in every energy year thereafter. Any cost or revenue loss incurred by an electric utility under these requirements would be recoverable in base rates.	Mandated, long-term, rate-recoverable contracts between utilities and REC generators provides opportunities to sell RECs.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Telecommunications and Utilities Committee (1/27/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.





LEGISLATION Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Assembly Bill A2203 (Eustace) Introduced on	Would increase state RPS requirements, Class I renewable energy requirement would	Would significantly increase RPS obligations.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Telecommunications and Utilities Committee (1/27/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.
1/27/16.	increase once every five energy years between energy years 2015 and 2050, from 11% to 80%.	Similar to A1759, but without solar carve-out.		
Assembly Bill A1759 (multiple	Would increase state RPS requirements, Class I	Would significantly	Introduced and referred to Assembly Telecommunications	Awaiting committee hearing.
sponsors)	renewable energy requirement would	increase RPS obligations for	and Utilities Committee (1/27/16).	nearing.
Introduced on 1/27/16.	increase once every five energy years between energy years 2015 and 2050, from 11% to 80%. The bill also requires a certain percentage of the electricity sold to be from solar energy; by energy year 2030, 13.849%.	suppliers.		





LEGISLATION Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Assembly Bill A1672 (Schaer)	This bill establishes the "Neighborhood Solar Energy Investment	Would allow the development of community solar	Reported favorably from the Assembly Telecommunications & Utilities Committee (2/4/16).	Awaiting floor vote.
Introduced on 1/27/16.	Program," effectively allowing community solar projects. Consumers that seek to invest in a solar project would be compensated by a bill credit (kWh), provided that the credit could not exceed 100% of the customer's previous year annual usage.	projects in New Jersey, though the bill leaves a number of key policy decisions unmade and left to the BPU.		



Reference No.DescriptionWhy It MattersMost Recent ActionNext ActionAssembly Bill A1500 (McKeon, Benson)The bill would: require BPU to offer renewable energy andIncreases RPS requirement, provides allIntroduced and referred to Assembly Telecommunications and Utilities CommitteeAwaiting committee	
A1500 (McKeon, • require BPU to offer requirement, Assembly Telecommunications hearing.	
renewable energy and energy efficiency incentives at the same level as was offered as of 1/1/11; • provide all classes of ratepayers with access to solar renewable energy certificates (SRECs); • increase NJ's RPS to require 30% of electricity be from Class I renewable energy sources by 2020; • require the BPU to set the value of the Solar Alternative Compliance Payment (SACP) higher than a SREC; and • require the BPU to establish a uniform Statewide energy	cee





LEGISLATION Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Assembly Bill A1323 (Rible, DeAngelo, and Danielsen) Introduced on 1/27/16.	This bill would require that, where feasible, the construction of all new state government buildings include solar and/or geothermal generators.	Potential expansion of solar opportunities with state customers.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Telecommunications and Utilities Committee (1/27/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.



LEGISLATION				
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Assembly Bill <u>A594</u>	This bill amends current	Would change the	Introduced and referred to	Awaiting committee
(<u>Lagana</u>)	law concerning property tax	tax exemption for	Assembly Telecommunications	hearing.
	exemption for property	commercial solar	& Utilities Committee	
Opened on 1/27/16.	with a renewable energy	systems designed	(1/27/16).	
	system serving onsite	to produce		
	buildings. The bill would	generation for sale		
	establish a uniform	to customers		
	property tax exemption rate	versus meeting		
	for "commercial renewable	on-site demand.		
	energy systems," defined as			
	systems producing			
	renewable energy onsite for			
	uses other than to provide			
	the electrical, heating,			
	cooling, or general energy			
	needs of onsite residential,			
	commercial, industrial, or			
	mixed use buildings. The			
	bill does not apply to			
	commercial renewable			
	energy systems that were			
	commercially operational			
	or conditionally approved			
	by the Board of Public			
	Utilities prior to the date of			
	enactment of the bill.			





LEGISLATION				
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Reference No. A441 (Eustace, Benson, Zwicker) Introduced on 1/27/16.	This bill would provide financial incentives for owners of solar generation systems. The reimbursement is only available for certain areas ("5 strategic zones," to be designated by the BPU) as the primary goal of the bill is to reduce electric grid congestion. The incentives are only available to residential systems producing up to 25 kilowatts or for nonresidential systems producing up to 200 kilowatts. For solar panel systems installed in the "strategic zones" after the bill's effective date, the board is to reimburse an owner of a solar panel system 15 percent of the cost to install the solar panel system and \$1.50 per watt of energy produced by the solar panel	Further supports the use of residential and non-residential distributed renewable energy generation. Could potentially be a major incentive for to provide solar energy services.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Telecommunications & Utilities Committee (1/27/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.





LEGISLATION				
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Assembly Bill A282 (DeCroce) Introduced on 1/27/16.	This bill provides a gross income tax deduction for the costs of purchasing and installing a battery backup for a solar electrical generator in the taxpayer's primary residence.	Since Superstorm Sandy, NJ has focused on building a more resilient grid for commercial, municipal, and industrial customers. This would encourage resiliency at the residential level.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Appropriations Committee (1/27/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.
Assembly Bill A220 (DeAngelo) Introduced on 1/27/16.	This bill would direct BPU to require electric and gas suppliers, brokers, agents, marketers, private aggregators, sales representatives, and energy telemarketers to keep a recording of each telemarketing sales call to a customer for three years from the date of the telemarketing sales call. Currently, BPU regulations allow for the disposal of the marketing portion of calls six months after the call was recorded.	Additional regulatory compliance hurdles for suppliers.	Introduced and referred to Assembly Consumer Affairs Committee (1/27/16).	Awaiting committee hearing.





LEGISLATION	2.1.1			
Reference No.	Description	Why It Matters	Most Recent Action	Next Action
Senate Bill <u>S684</u>	Establishes the Clean	Financing	Introduced in the Senate,	S684 is scheduled for a
(Rice) (Gill)	Energy Technology Center	mechanism via	Referred to Senate	committee hearing at 10:00
	and Alternative and Clean	loans and loan	Environment and Energy	a.m. ET on 5/2/16.
Introduced on	Energy Investment Trust	guarantees to	Committee (1/12/16).	
1/12/16.	Fund for purposes of	companies,		
	creating clean energy-	universities, and		
	related employment	nonprofits to		
	opportunities; allocates	encourage the		
	revenues from societal	creation of clean		
	benefits charge to support	technology		
	its activities.	ventures.		
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	"Clean energy" means any			
	advanced technologies that			
	reduce or eliminate the use			
	of energy from non-			
	renewable sources,			
	including, but not limited			
	to: energy efficiency,			
	demand response, energy			
	conservation and solar,			
	wind, water, biomass,			
	alcohol, wood, fuel cells,			
	and any renewable, non-			
	depleting, or recyclable fuel.			



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